ABSTRACTS-MINERALOGY

MICROSCOPIC INVESTIGATIONS OF SMALTITE AND CHLOAN-THITE. A. BEUTELL. Centr. Min. Geol. 1916, 206-221.

Investigation with the metallographic microscope showed the presence in "smaltite" of three easily distinguished arsenides, CoAs₃,Co₂As₅, and CoAs₂. The outer shell of smaltite crystals is of CoAs₂ which determines its isometric form. The isometric crystals of skutterudite may be pseudomorphs of CoAs₃ after CoAs₂.

EDW. F. HOLDEN.

A SYNCHRONPHOSPHOROSCOPE. E. L. NICHOLS AND H. L. HOWES. Phys. Rev. 7, 586, 1916. THE PHOSPHORESCENCE OF URANYL SALTS. E. L. NICHOLS. Proc. Am. Nat. Ac. 2, 328-333, 1916. PHOSPHORESCENCE AND ABSORPTION OF CERTAIN URANYL SALTS. E. L. NICHOLS AND H. L. HOWES. Phys. Rev. 8, 364-385, 1916; thru Neues Jahrb. Min. Geol. 1919, Ref. 20.

These papers contain data of interest in connection with luminescent minerals.

E. F. H.

TELLURIUM FROM RUDA, IN THE ERZEGEBIRGE. F. BERWERTH, Mitt. Wiener Min. Ges. no. 79, 54-55, 1916; thru Neues Jahrb. Min. Geol. 1919, Ref. 273.

What was formerly thought to be stibnite was found to be tellurium, the occurrence being in calcite, the crystals of tellurium being up to one cm. in length.

E. F. H.

CHANGES IN THE ABSORPTION OF PLEOCHROIC CRYSTALS AT THE TEMPERATURE OF LIQUID AIR. H. NAGAOKA. *Proc. Math.-Phys. Soc. Tokyo*, **8**, 551-554, 1916; thru *Neues Jahrb. Min. Geol.*, **1919**, Ref. 19-20.

The changes in the pleochroism of epidote and penninite with decrease in temperature were marked.

E. F. H.

THE DETERMINATION OF THE DENSITY OF SOLIDS. H. LE CHATELIER AND F. BOGITCH. Compt. rend., 163, 459, 1916; thru Neues Jahrb. Min. Geol., 1918, Ref. 118.

The error in density determinations due to air bubbles adhering to the substance investigated may be avoided by the use of carbon tetrachloride in place of water.

E. F. H.

THE TRANSFORMATION OF Na₂SO₄. E. JÄNECKE, Z. phys. Chem., 91, 548-569, 1916; thru Neues Jahrb. Min. Geol. 1918, Ref. 25.

Besides the recognized transformation at 240°, Na₂SO₄ passes thru a second at 385°. E. F. H.

THE EXCHANGE OF BASES IN SILICATES. I. EXCHANGE OF ALKALIES AND AMMONIA IN THE HYDRATED ALUMINUM-ALKALI SILICATES (PERMUTITES). E. RAMANN AND A. SPENGEL. Z. anorg. Ch. 95, 115-128, 1916; thru Neues Jahrb. Min. Geol., 1918, Ref. 252.

Sodium, potassium, and ammonium permutites pass over into one another thru the exchange of their bases by the action of chloride, nitrate, or sulfate solutions.

E. F. H.